

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : STRONG MARKER
Product code : 13170-USCAN

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : SOPPEC INC.
Address : 1470 RUE PEEL – SUITE A-152 .H3A1T1.MONTREAL (QC).CANADA.
Telephone : 514-798-8779. Fax : .
contact@soppec-inc.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number : 1-888-226-8832.

Association/Organisation : CANUTEC's 24-hr Number.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

HCS compliant.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1).

This mixture does not present a health hazard with the exception of possible occupational exposure thresholds (see paragraphs 3 and 8).

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

HCS compliant.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS02



GHS04

Signal Word :

DANGER

Hazard statements :

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements - General :

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautionary statements - Storage :

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

2.3. Other hazards

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Reserved for professional users.

Do not use in a confined space.

Not to be used for any usage other than those specified.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	HCS	Nota	%
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INDEX: 601-004-00-0 CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 REACH: 01-2119474691-32 BUTANE	GHS02, GHS04 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220	[1]	10 <= x % < 25
CAS: 74-98-6 EC: 200-827-9 REACH: 01-2119486944-21 PROPANE	GHS02 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220	[1]	10 <= x % < 25
EC: 918-481-9 REACH: 01-2119457273-39 NAPHTA LOURD HYDROTRAITE	GHS08 Dgr Asp. Tox. 1, H304		10 <= x % < 25
EC: 927-241-2 REACH: 01-2119471843-32 DEAROMATIZED HYDROCARBONS	GHS08, GHS07, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336		10 <= x % < 25
INDEX: 603-117-00-0 CAS: 67-63-0 EC: 200-661-7 PROPAN-2-OL	GHS02, GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 75-28-5 EC: 200-857-2 REACH: 01-2119485395-27 ISOBUTANE (CONTENANT MOINS DE 0.1% DE BUTADIENE)	GHS02 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas, H280	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

Information on ingredients :

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

In the event of swallowing :

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

In the event of fire, use specifically suitable extinguishing agents. Never use water.

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water
- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health. Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Never pour water into this mixture.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	1000 ppm				
74-98-6	1000 ppm				
67-63-0	200 ppm	400 ppm		A4; BEI	
75-28-5	1000 ppm				

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 08/08/2019) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
106-97-8		1000 ppm 2400 mg/m ³		4(1 TM 1 TM)
74-98-6		1000 ppm 1800 mg/m ³		4(1 TM 1 TM)
67-63-0		200 ppm 500 mg/m ³		2(II)
75-28-5		1000 ppm 2400 mg/m ³		4(1 TM 1 TM)

- China (GBZ 2.1, 2007) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Anm :	TWA :	STEL :	Anm :
67-63-0	350 mg/m ³	700 mg/m ³				

- Denmark (2008) :

Stof	TWA	VSTEL	Loftvaerdi	Anm
106-97-8	500 ppm 1200 mg/m ³			
74-98-6	1000 ppm 1800 mg/m ³			
67-63-0	200 ppm 490 mg/m ³			

- France (INRS - ED984 / 2019-1487) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m ³ :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m ³ :	Notes :	TMP No :
106-97-8	800	1900	-	-	-	-
67-63-0	-	-	400	980	-	84

- Finland (HTP-värden 2016) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
74-98-6	800 ppm 1500 mg/m ³	1100 ppm 2000 mg/m ³			

- Spain (Instituto Nacional de Seguridad e Higiene en el Trabajo (INSHT), 2017) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	4.5 ppm 12 mg/m ³				
74-98-6	1000 ppm				

67-63-0	200 ppm 500 mg/m ³	400 ppm 1000 mg/m ³		VLB®. s		
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- Norway (Veiledning om administrative normer for forurensning i arbeidsatmosfære, 2019) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	250 ppm 600 mg/m ³				
74-98-6	500 ppm 900 mg/m ³				
67-63-0	100 ppm 245 mg/m ³				

- Netherlands / MAC-waarde (10 december 2014) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	600 ppm	-	-	-	-
67-63-0	250 ppm	-	-	-	-

- Switzerland (SUVA PRO 2017) :

CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations
106-97-8	800 ppm 1900 mg/m ³	3200 ppm 7200 mg/m ³		
74-98-6	1000 ppm 1800 mg/m ³	4000 ppm 7200 mg/m ³		
67-63-0	200 ppm 500 mg/m ³	400 ppm 1000 mg/m ³		B SSC
75-28-5	800 ppm 1900 mg/m ³	3200 ppm 7200 mg/m ³		

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	600 ppm 1450 mg/m ³	750 ppm 1810 mg/m ³		Carc	
67-63-0	400 ppm 999 mg/m ³	500 ppm 1250 mg/m ³			

- Croatia

Identification	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notations
106-97-8	10 ppm 22 mg/m ³			F+. T
67-63-0	400 ppm 999 mg/m ³	500 ppm 1250 mg/m ³		F. Xi

Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

DEAROMATIZED HYDROCARBONS

Final use:

Exposure method:
Potential health effects:
DNEL :

Workers.

Dermal contact.
Long term systemic effects.
300 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method:
Potential health effects:
DNEL :

Inhalation.
Long term systemic effects.
1500 mg of substance/m³

Final use:

Exposure method:
Potential health effects:
DNEL :

Consumers.

Ingestion.
Long term systemic effects.
300 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method:
Potential health effects:
DNEL :

Dermal contact.
Long term systemic effects.
300 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method:
Potential health effects:
DNEL :

Inhalation.
Long term systemic effects.
900 mg of substance/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

- Hand protection

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

- Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information :

Physical state :	Viscous liquid.
	Spray.

Important health, safety and environmental information

pH :	Not relevant.
Boiling point/boiling range :	Not specified.
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.
Density :	< 1
Water solubility :	Insoluble.
Melting point/melting range :	Not specified.
Self-ignition temperature :	Not specified.
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not specified.
Chemical combustion heat :	Not specified.
Inflammation time :	Not specified.
Deflagration density :	Not specified.
Inflammation distance :	Not specified.
Flame height :	Not specified.
Flame duration :	Not specified.

9.2. Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- heating

- heat

- humidity

Protect from moisture. Reaction with water can cause an exothermic reaction.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- water

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity :

DEAROMATIZED HYDROCARBONS

Oral route :

LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species : Rat (recommended by the CLP)

Dermal route :

LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit (recommended by the CLP)

Inhalation route (n/a) :

LC50 > 4951 mg/m³

Species : Rat (recommended by the CLP)

NAPHTA LOURD HYDROTRAITE

Oral route :

LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species : Rat

Dermal route :

LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a) :

LC50 > 4.951 mg/l

Species : Rat

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

DEAROMATIZED HYDROCARBONS

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The appropriate waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with local regulations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2019 - IMDG 2018 - ICAO/IATA 2020).

14.1. UN number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



2.1

14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

-

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation	
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D, S-U	63 190 277 327 344 381 959	E0	- SW1 SW22	SG69	
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167 A802	E0	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167 A802	E0	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

The following regulations have been used:

- OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

- Container information:

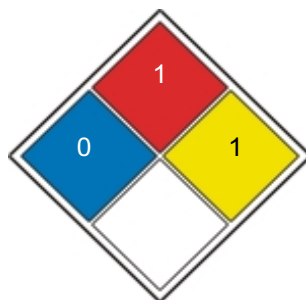
No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704) :

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=0 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



- Clean Water Act : Toxic Pollutants (CWA 307A)

Unlisted.

- Clean Water Act : Hazardous Substances (CWA 311)

Unlisted.

- Clean Water Act : Hazardous Substances (CWA 304b)

CAS	Name
67-63-0	PROPAN-2-OL

- Clean Water Act : Priority Pollutants (CWA Priority)

Unlisted.

- Clean Air Act : Hazardous Air Pollutants (CAA 112(b) HAP (188))

Unlisted.

- Clean Air Act : Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants National Emission Standards (CAA 112(b) HON (387))

Unlisted.

- Clean Air Act : Protection of Stratospheric Ozone (CAA 602)

Unlisted.

- SARA 110

CAS	Name
67-63-0	PROPAN-2-OL

- SARA 302/304

Unlisted.

- SARA 313

CAS	Name
67-63-0	PROPAN-2-OL

- California proposition 65 : Chemicals known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity

Unlisted.

- Massachusetts : Right to Know

Unlisted.

- New Jersey : Right to Know

CAS	Name
67-63-0	PROPAN-2-OL

- Pennsylvania : Hazardous Substance

CAS	Name
67-63-0	PROPAN-2-OL

- Rhode Island : Hazardous substance list

CAS	Name
67-63-0	PROPAN-2-OL

- TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) - USA

CAS	Name
67-63-0	PROPAN-2-OL

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Abbreviations :

DNEL : Derived No-Effect Level

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

GHS02 : Flame

GHS04 : Gas cylinder

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

HCS : Hazard Communication standard (OSHA).